





Public-Private Partnerships in Health Care Delivery in South Africa & Zambia: SUCCESSES & OPPORTUNITIES



BUDAPEST, HUNGARY 3-5 OCTOBER 2018

William Mangimela (BA, MPA, MSc)
PPP Unit, Zambia





PPP Hospital Infrastructure

Contents

1. What a PPP is
2. Critical Success Factors of a PPP
3. Existing Legal and Institutional Frameworks
4. Need for PPPs in Health Care
5. Successes: Current HealthCare PPPs
6. Opportunities in HealthCare PPPs
7. Conclusion

1. What a PPP is

A <u>contract</u> between government institution and private party

Private party <u>performs an institutional function</u> and/or <u>uses</u>
 <u>state property</u> in terms of <u>output specifications</u>

Substantial project <u>risk</u> (<u>financial</u>, <u>technical</u>, <u>operational</u>)
 transferred to the private party

 Private party benefits through: <u>unitary payments</u> from government budget and/or <u>user fees</u> or a <u>combination</u>

Features of a PPP: Project Cycle



Common Features of HealthCare PPPs: Roles and Responsibilities

The private sector is expected to undertake the following functions:

- Design
- Finance
- Construct
- Soft facilities management i.e cleaning, gardening,
- Hard facilities management i.e building maintenance, air conditioning etc.
- Information technology and medical equipment
- Medical waste management
- Hotel services i.e. linen, catering and food services
- Management and operations support

The public sector is expected to be responsible for the following:

- Clinical services
- Management
- Financing
- Contract management
- A feasibility study

2. Critical Success Factors of a PPP

- Political Support
- Adopted Strategies
- Aligned legal & Institutional framework
- Dedicated PPP Unit
- Training and Educational programs
- Learning tools, manuals and guide books
- Standard documentation
- PPP Market development
- Project Development Facility (PDF) funding
- Data collection
- Local participation and Empowerment

3. Existing Legal & Institutional Frameworks

South Africa

- ■1997, inter-departmental task team appointed
- ■1999, Public Finance Management Act & Strategic Framework for PPPs
- 2000 the PPP Unit to established & first PPP regulations enacted
- 2004 the Public Private Partnership
 Manual and the Standardised PPP
 Provisions adopted providing technical and contractual guidance
- 2005 Municipal Systems Act & Municipal services and PPP Guidelines

Zambia

- PPP Policy of 2008
- PPP Act No. 14 of 2009
- PPP Unit conceptualises, designs,
- guides and implements PPP projects in collaboration with the Govt Depts.
- PPP Technical Committee chaired by
 the Secretary to the Treasury technical
- guidance to the PPP Unit
- PPP Council, chaired by Minister of
- Finance policy making body and the
- final approval authority
- Solicited vs unsolicited bids

4. Need for PPPs in Health Care

South Africa

- Build tertiary and teaching hospitals for the last decade;
- Significant shortage of primary healthcare facilities;
- Many facilities in a state of decay;
- Significant challenges in delivering medical services;
 - attracting and retaining health professionals
 - Lack of infrastructure to deliver services hamper National Health Insurance plans
 - Rural services-shifting demographics of population

Zambia

- High disease burden rise in non-communicable diseases e.g cancer, cardiac, diabetes and renal diseases requiring specialist treatment & hi-tech medical equipment
- Poor state of infrastructure & medical equipment in public health institutions
- Loss of income to foreign health institutions as part of treatment of patients abroad (South Africa, India, UK, USA)

5. Successes: Current HealthCare PPPs

South African Examples

- Inkosi Albert Luthuli (KZN)
- Renal Services (Limpopo)
- State Vaccine Institute (National)
- Humansdorp, Settlers & Port Alfred Hospitals (E. Cape)
- Hospital Revitalization Programme
 - King Edward VIII Hospital KZN
 - ■Nelson Mandela Hospital EC
 - ■George Mkhari Hospital GP
 - Limpopo Academic Hospital

Zambia

At Conceptual stage

Development of the Tropical

Disease Research Centre piece

of land into a disease research

centre, a specialized hospital and mixed use development

(office and housing complex)

Old waiting area

New waiting area





Old Theatre New Theatre





Old Medical Ward

New Medical Ward





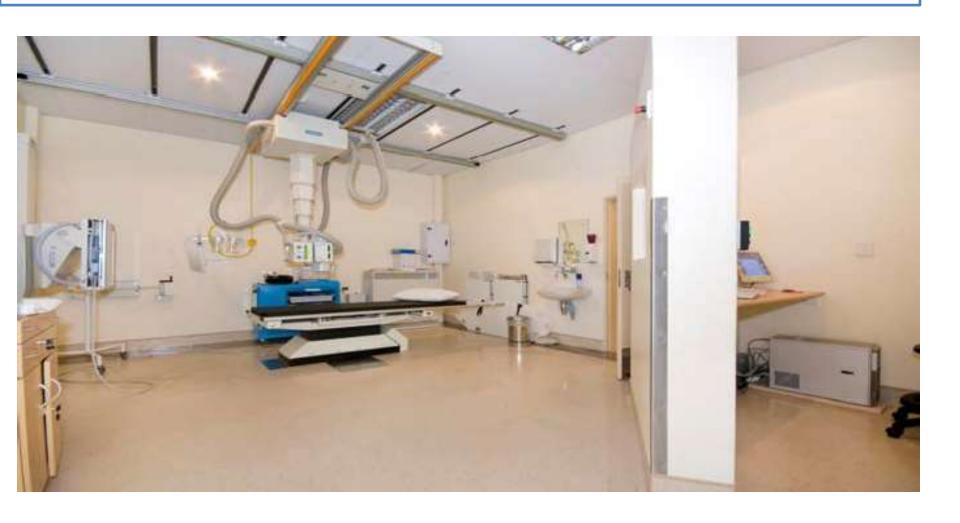
New Accident/Emergencies



Shared ICU



Shared X- Ray



6. Opportunities in HealthCare PPPs

Zambian Government has keen interest in the development of healthcare PPP projects. As an economic sector, the health sector offers numerous investment opportunities for PPP projects in:

- Telemedicine
- Establishment of Hi-Tech Hospitals for treatment of specialized cases
- Diagnostic centre's
- Drugs logistics supply chain and storage
- Hospital fleet management and repair
- Medical tourism
- Training of health personnel (medical school and nursing school)

7. Conclusion

- Zambia is one of the most attractive investment destinations in Africa:
 - Best pro-private sector policies and laws
 - Peaceful and stable political environment
 - Vast investment opportunities in all sectors of the economy
 - Robust investment climate
 - The best place to work and live
- Looking forward to healthcare PPP investments & success stories!!

8. References

- Government Technical Advisory Centre, National Treasury,
 Republic of South Africa
- Public Private Partnership Unit, Republic of Zambia
- Southern Africa Development Community Public Private
 Partnership Network
- Zambian National Development Agency
- Zambia National Health Strategic Plan 2017 2021

CONTACT DETAILS

PRINCIPAL MONITORING & EVALUATION OFFICER

PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTENRSHIP UNIT

P.O.BOX 50062

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

LUSAKA

CELL: +260 979227929

EMAIL: william.mangimela@gmail.com